

# **Product Specifications**

Customer	KINPO
Description	3.45" TFT LCD Module
Model Name	LQ035NC111
Date	2007/9/12
Doc. No.	07
Revision	01
Customer Ap	proval

Date						
The above signature	represents that the product specifications, testing regulation, and					

warranty in the specifications are accepted

Engineering								
Check	Date	Prepared	Date					
金属股	9/14 03	委美矿	Sep. 14, 2007					

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# **CONTENTS**

No.	ITEM	PAGE
0	RECORD OF REVISION	3
1	SUMMARY	4
2	FEATURES	4
3	GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS	4
4	ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	4
5	ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	5
6	DC CHARATERISTICS	6
7		6~15
8	OPTICAL CHARATERISTIC	16
9	TOUCH PANEL	
10	INTERFACE	19~22
11	BLOCK DIAGRAM	23
12		24
13	OUTLINE DRAWING	25
14	PACKAGE INFORMATION	26
15	PRECAUTIONS	27~28
14 15	PACKAGE INFORMATION	

Preliminary



# **RECORD OF REVISIONS**

Revision	Date	Page	Description
01	2007/9/12	all	New Creation
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#### 1. SUMMARY

This technical specification applies to 3.45" color TFT-LCD panel. The 3.45" color TFT-LCD panel is designed for GPS, camcorder, digital camera application and other electronic products which require high quality flat panel displays. This module follows RoHS.

#### 2. FEATURES

High Resolution: 230,400 Dots (320 RGB x 240). LQ035NC111 is a transmissive type color active matrix liquid crystal display (LCD) which uses amorphous thin film transistor (TFT) as switching devices. This product is composed of a TFT LCD panel, driver ICs, FPC and a backlight unit.

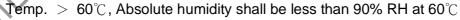
Parameter		Specifications	Unit
Screen size		3.45(Diagonal)	inch
Display Format		320 RGB x 240	Dot
Active area		70.08(H) x 52.56(V)	mm
Dot size		73x 219	um
Pixel Configuration		RGB-Stripe	
Outline dimension		76.9(W) x 63.9(H) x 3.3(D)	mm
Display Mode		Normally white/Transmissive	
Display Garmut		NTSC 60%	
Input Interface		Digital 24-bit RGB/SERIAL	
		RGB/CCIR656/CCIR601	
Weight		(40)	g
View Angle direction		6 o'clock	
	Operation	-20~70	°C
Temperature Range	Storage	-30~80	°C

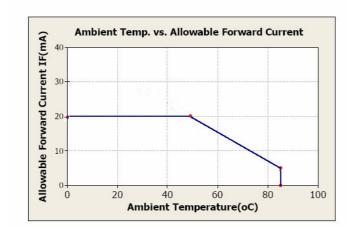
#### 4. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

ltem	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Power Voltage	DVDD,AVDD	GND=0	-0.3	5.0	V	
Input Signal Voltage	Vm	GND=0	-0.3	VDD+0.3	V	NOTE
Logic Output Voltage	Уоит	GND=0	-0.3	VDD+0.3	V	NOTE

Note: Device is subject to be damaged permanently if stresses beyond those absolute maximum ratings listed above

I. Temp. ≤  $60^{\circ}$ C, 90% RH MAX.







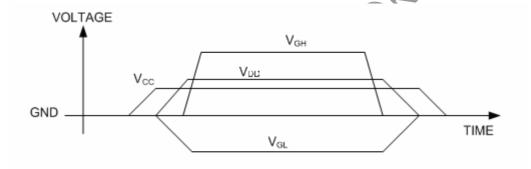
# 5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### 5.1. Operating conditions:

Parameter	Symbol		Rating	9	Unit	Condition
Falailletei	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Power Voltage	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
Digital Operation Current	lcc		8.6		mA	
Gate On Power	VGH	14	15	18	V	T
Gate Off Power	VGL	-11	-10	-8	V	
Vcom High Voltage	VcomH		3.7		V	Note1
Vcom low Voltage	VcomL		-1.6		V	Note1
Vcom level max	VcomA			6	V	

Note1. VcomH& VcomL : Adjust the color with gamma data. Vp-p should be higher then 4V.(Option 5V)

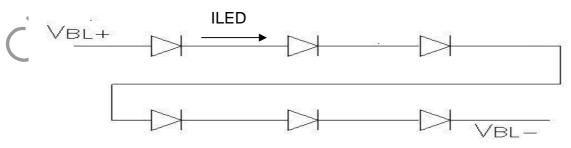
Note: Please power on following the sequence VCC  $\rightarrow$  VDD



# 5.2 LED driving conditions

Parameter (	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
LED current	)	-	20	-	mA	
Power Consumption		-	400	420	mW	
LED voltage	VBL+	18.6	19.8	21	V	Note 1
LED Life Time	-		(50,000)-	-	Hr	Note 2,3

Note 1 : There are 1 Groups LED



#### Note 2 : Ta = 25℃

Note 3 : Brightess to be decreased to 50% of the initial value



#### **6. DC CHARATERISTICS**

Parameter	Symbol	Rating			Unit	Condition
Falailletei	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Low level input voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	0	-	0.3 VCC	V	
Hight level input voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7 VCC	-	VCC	V	

#### 7. AC CHARATERISTICS Digital Parallal RGB interface

Digital Para	allal RGB interface					4
Signal	ltem	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Frequency	Tosc	-	156	-	ns
Dclk	High Time	Tch	-	78	-	ns
	Low Time	Tcl	-	78	-	ns
Data	Setup Time	Tsu	12	-		ns
Data	Hold Time	Thd	12	-		ns
	Period	TH	-	408	-	Tosc
	Pulse Width	THS	5	30	-	Tosc
Hsync	Back-Porch	Thb		38		Tosc
. loyne	Display Period	TEP		320	-	Tosc
	Hsync-den time	THE	36	68	88	Tsoc
	Front-Porch	Th	-	20	-	Tosc
	Period	Τv	-	262	-	TH
	Pulse Width	Tvs	1	3	5	TH
Vsync	Back-Porch	Tvb	-	15	-	ТН
	Display Period	Tvd	-	240	-	TH
	Front-Porch	Tvf	2	4	-	TH

Note: 1. Thp + Thb = 68, the user is make up by yourself. 2. Tv = Tvs + Tvb + Tvd + Tvf , the user is make up by yourself. 3. When SYNC mode is used,  $1^{st}$  data start from  $68^{th}$  Dclk after Hsync falling

#### **Digital Serial RGB interface**

Signal	ltem	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Frequency	Tosc	-	52	-	ns
Dclk	High Time	Tch	-	78	-	ns
	Low Time	Tcl	-	78	-	ns
Data	Setup Time	Tsu	12	-	-	ns
Dala	Hold Time	Thd	12	-	-	ns
	Period	TH	-	1224	-	Tosc
	Pulse Width	THS	5	90	-	Tosc
Hsync	Back-Porch	Thb		114		Tosc
TISYIC	Display Period	TEP	-	960	X	Tosc
	Hsync-den time	THE	108	204	264	
	Front-Porch	Thf	-	60		Tosc
	Period	Τv	- (	262	-	ТН
	Pulse Width	Tvs	1	3	5	TH
Vsync	Back-Porch	Тур		15	-	ТН
	Display Period	Tvd	-	240	-	TH
	Front-Porch	Tvf	2	4	-	ТН

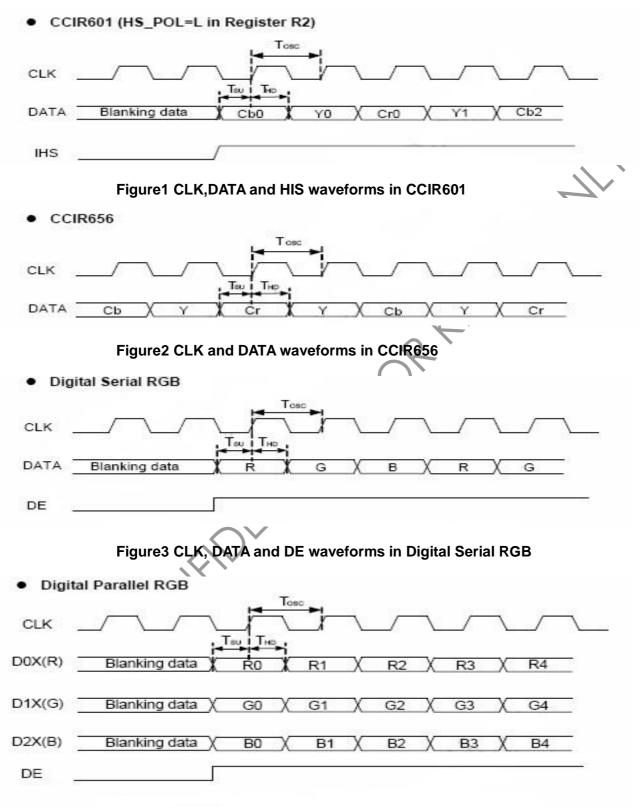
Note: 1. Thp + Thb = 204, the user is make up by yourself.
2. Tv = Tvs + Tvb + Tvd + Tvf , the user is make up by yourself.
3. When SYNC mode is used,1<sup>st</sup> data start from 204<sup>th</sup> Dclk after Hsync falling

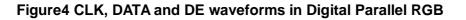
# CCIR601/656 Interface

CII/00 1/050	internatio					
Signal	ltem	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
U.	Frequency	Tosc	-	37	-	ns
Dclk	High Time	Tch	-	78	-	ns
	Low Time	Tcl	-	78	-	ns
Data	Setup Time	Tsu	12	-	-	ns
Data	Hold Time	Thd	12	-	-	ns



#### 7.1 Waveform



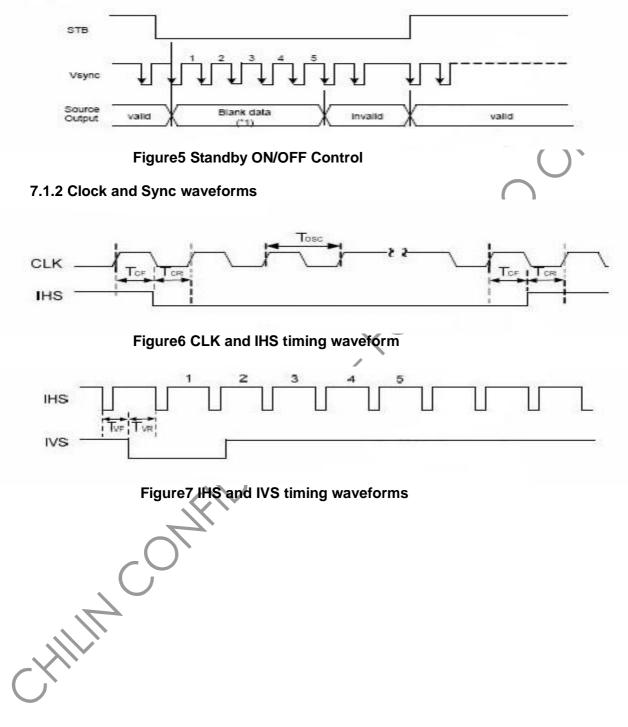


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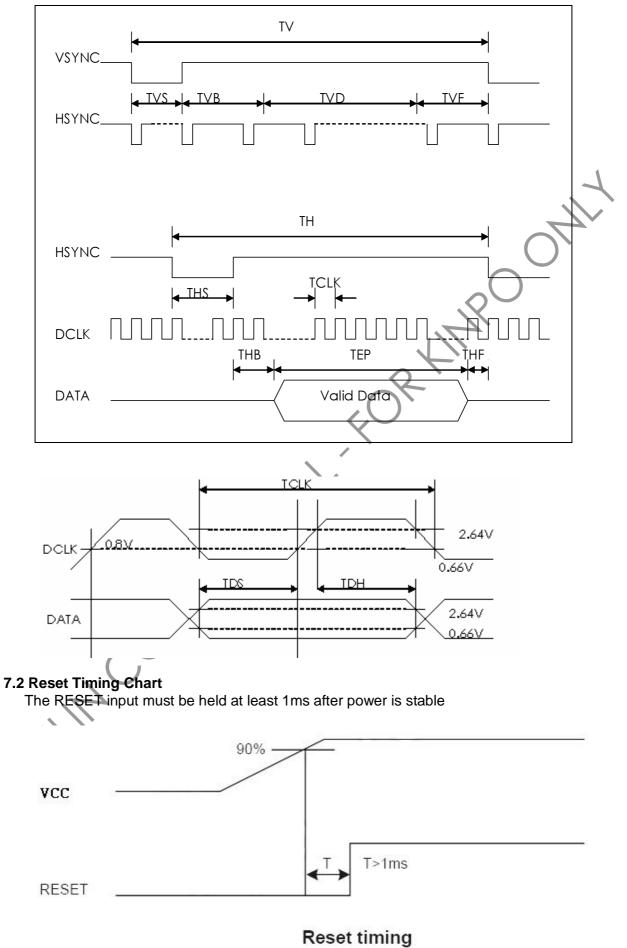
# 7.1.1 Standby ON/OFF Control

LQ35HC112 has a power ON/OFF sequence control function. When STB pin is pulled L,blank data is outputted for 5-frames first, form the falling edge of the following VSYNC signal. The blank data would be gray level 255 for normally white LC.





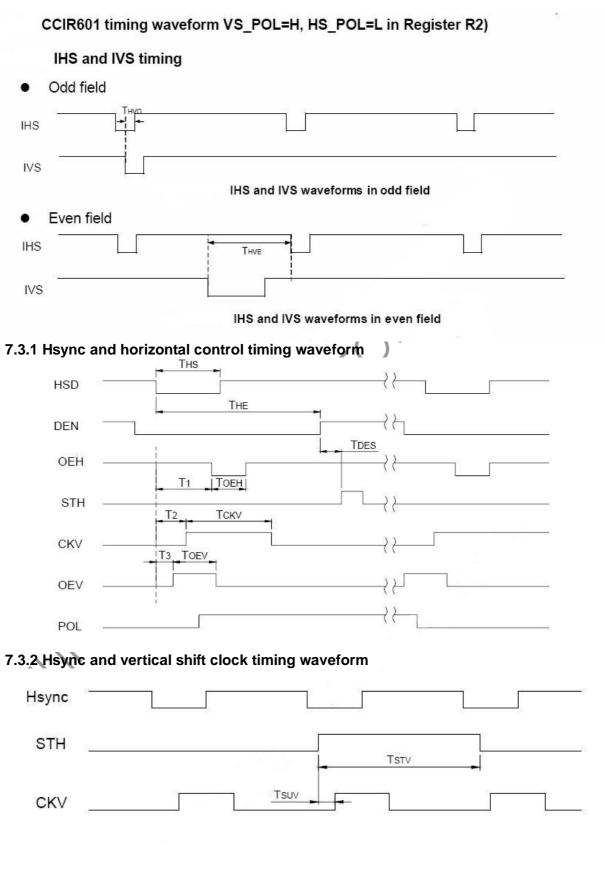
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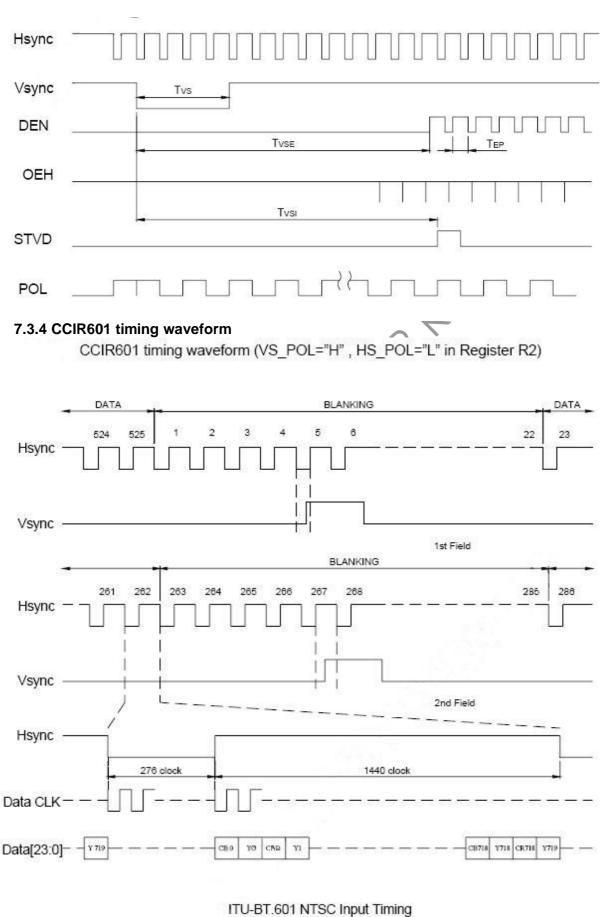
#### 7.3 Digital RGB timing waveform

Hsync and Vsync timing



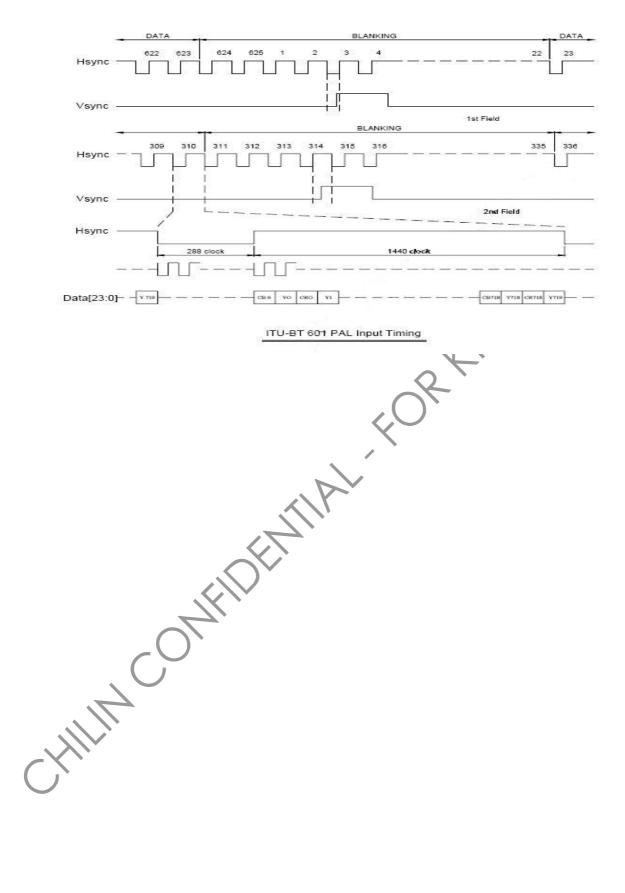
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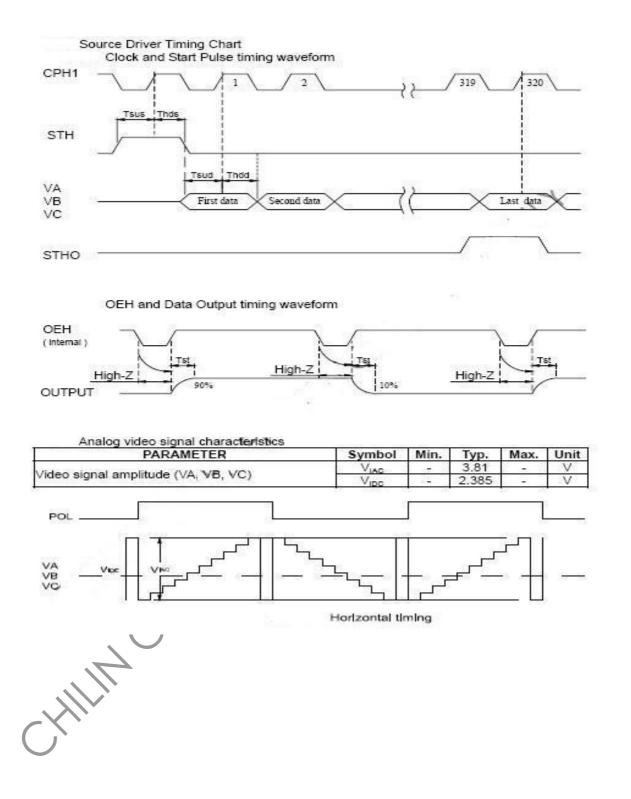
#### 7.3.3 Hsync and vertical control timing waveform





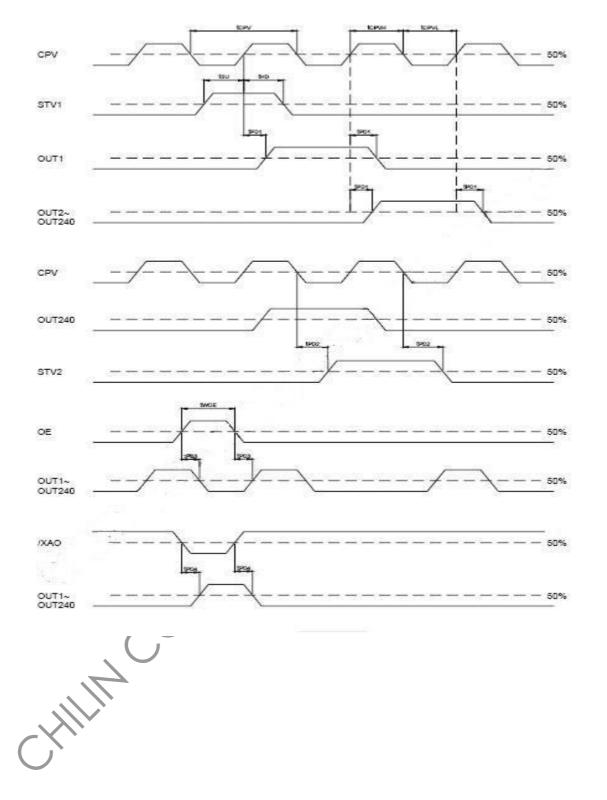


#### 7.3.5 Source Driver Timing Chart





# 7.3.6 Gate Driver Timing Chart



1

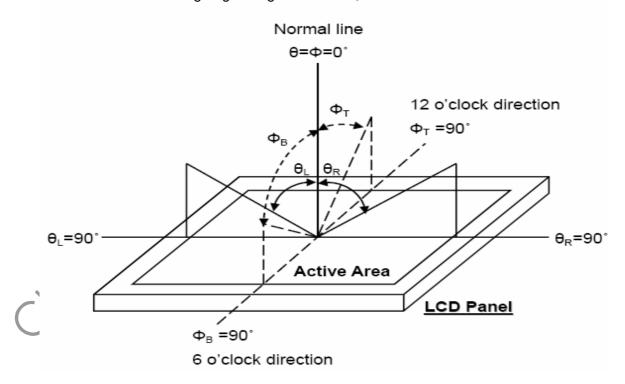


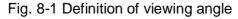
#### 8. OPTICAL CHARATERISTIC

Ta=25±2°C, ILED=20mA

ltem		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Booponoo tim	<b>`</b>	Tr	<i>θ</i> =0°、Φ=0°	-	10		ms	Note 3,5
Response time	5	Tf		-	15		ms	Note 5,5
Contrast ratio		CR	At optimized viewing angle	300	400	-	-	Note 4,5
	White	Wx	<i>θ</i> =0°、Φ=0	(0.26)	(0.31)	(0.36)		Note 2,6,7
	VIIIC	Wy	0-0	(0.28)	(0.33)	(0.38)		1
	Red	Rx	<i>θ</i> =0°、Φ=0					, T
Color Chromaticity	Reu	Ry	υ =υ · ψ=υ					
Color Chromaticity	Green	Gx	<i>θ</i> =0°、Φ=0					
	Green	Gy	$0 = 0 \cdot \Psi = 0$					$\bigcirc$
	Blue	Bx	<i>θ</i> =0° 、 Φ=0					
	Diue	By	$\Theta = 0 \cdot \Psi = 0$				$\sim$	
	Hor.	ΘR		(50)	(60)		$\langle$	
Viewing angle		ΘL	CR≧10	(50)	(60)	Ņ	Deg.	Note 1
viewing angle	Ver.	ΦТ	ON≧ 10	(40)	(50)	Ľ	Deg.	NOLE 1
	vel.	ΦВ		(45)	(55)			
Brightness		-	-	200	250	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	Center of display
$\overline{\text{Ta}=25\pm2^{\circ}\text{C}}, \text{I}_{\text{L}}=20\text{m}$	A			X				

Note 1: Definition of viewing angle range





Note 2: Test equipment setup:

After stabilizing and leaving the panel alone at a driven temperature for 10 minutes, the measurement should be executed. Measurement should be executed in a stable, windless, and dark room. Optical specifications are measured by Topcon BM-7 luminance meter 1.0° field of view at a distance of 50cm and normal direction.



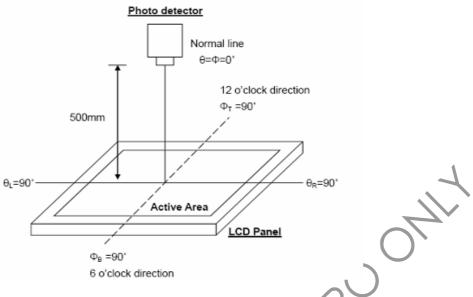


Fig. 8-2 Optical measurement system setup

Note 3: Definition of Response time:

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between "White" state and "Black" state. Rise time, Tr, is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from

90% to 10% . And fall time, Tf, is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 10% to 90% .

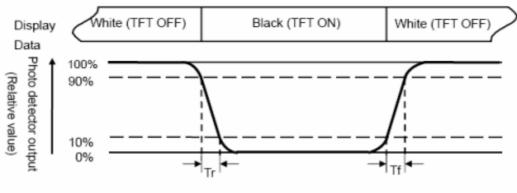


Fig. 3-3 Definition of response time

Note 4: Definition of contrast ratio:

The contrast ratio is defined as the following expression.

Note 5: White Vi =  $V_{i50} \pm 1.5V$ Black Vi =  $V_{i50} \pm 2.0V$ 

"±" means that the analog input signal swings in phase with VCOM signal.

"±" means that the analog input signal swings out of phase with VCOM signal.

The 100% transmission is defined as the transmission of LCD panel when all the input terminals of module are electrically opened.



#### Note 6: Definition of color chromaticity (CIE 1931) Color coordinates measured at the center point of LCD

Note 7: Measured at the center area of the panel when all the input terminals of LCD panel are electrically opened.

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# 10. INTERFACE

10.1.	LCM	PIN	Definition

Pin	Symbol	I/O	Function	Remark
1	VBL-	I	Backlight LED Ground	
2	VBL-	I	Backlight LED Ground	
3	VBL+	I	Backlight LED Power	
4	VBL+	I	Backlight LED Power	
5	Y1	I	Top electrode ,	
6	X1	I	Right electrode	
7	NC		Not Use	2
8	/RESET	-	Hardware Reset	
9	SPENA	I	SPI Interface Data Enable Signal	Note 3
10	SPCLK	I	SPI Interface Data Clock	Note 3
11	SPDAT	I	SPI Interface Data	Note 3
12	ВО	I	Blue Data Bit 0	
13	B1	I	Blue Data Bit 1	
14	B2	I	Blue Data Bit 2	
15	B3	I	Blue Data Bit 3	
16	B4	I	Blue Data Bit 4	
17	B5	I	Blue Data Bit 5	
18	B6	I	Blue Data Bit &	
19	B7	I	Blue Data Bit 7	
20	G0	I	Green Data Bit0	
21	Gl		Green Data Bit1	
22	G2	4	Green Data Bit2	
23	G3		Green Data Bit3	
24	G4	I	Green Data Bit4	
25	G5	I	Green Data Bit5	
26	G6	I	Green Data Bit6	
27	G7	I	Green Data Bit7	
28	RO	I	Red Data Bit0 /DX0	Note 4
29	R1	I	Red Data Bit1 /DX1	Note 4
30	R2	I	Red Data Bit2 /DX2	Note 4
31	R3	I	Red Data Bit3 /DX3	Note 4
32	R4	I	Red Data Bit4 /DX4	Note 4
33	R5	I	Red Data Bit5 /DX5	Note 4
34	R6	I	Red Data Bit6 /DX6	Note 4
35	R7	I	Red Data Bit7 /DX7	Note 4

(

36	HSYNC	I	Horizontal Sync Input	
37	VSYNC	I	Vertical Sync Input	
38	DCLK	Ι	Dot Data Clock	
39	NC		Not Use	
40	NC		Not Use	
41	Vcc	I	Digital Power	
42	Vcc	I	Digital Power	
43	Y2	I	Bottom electrode	
44	X2	I	Left electrode	7
45	NC		Not Use	()
46	NC	-	Not Use	$\bigcirc$
47	NC		Not Use	
48	IF2	Ι	Control the input data format /floating	Note 1
49	IF1	I	Control the input data format	Note 1,5
50	IFO	I	Control the input data format	Note 1,5
51	NC		Not Use	
52	DE	I	Data Enable Input	Note 2
53	GND	I	Ground	
54	GND	I	Ground	

# Note:

- 1. The mode control (IF2) not use ,it can't control CCIR601 interface , If not use CCIR601 ,it can floating.
- 2. For digital RGB input data format, both SYNC mode and DE+SYNC mode are supported. If DE signal is fixed low, SYNC mode is used. Otherwise, DE+SYNC mode is used.Suggest used SYNC mode!!

3. usually pull high.

- 4. IF select serial RGB or CCIR601/656 input mode is selected,only DX0-DX7 used,and the other short to GND, Only selected serial RGB CCIR601/656 interface,DX BUS will enable,Digital input mode DX0 is LSB and DX7 is MSB.
- 5. Control the input data format

#### IF2-0: Define the input interface mode.

IF2	IF1	IFO	Format	Operating Frequency
0	0	0	Parallel-RGB data format (only support stripe type color filter)	6.5MHz
0	0	1	Serial-RGB data format	19.5MHz
0	1	0	CCIR 656 data format (640RGB)	24.54MHz
0	1	1	CCIR 656 data format (720RGB)	27MHz
1	0	0	YUV mode A data format (Cr-Y-Cb-Y)	24.54MHz
1	Q	1	YUV mode A data format (Cr-Y-Cb-Y)	27MHz
1	1	0	YUV mode B data format (Cb-Y-Cr-Y)	27MHz
1	1	1	YUV mode B data format (Cb-Y-Cr-Y)	24.54MHz

Input format	DOTCLK Freq (MHz)	Display Data	Active Area (DOTCLK)
YUV mode	24.54	640	1280
rovmode	27	720	1440

Mode	D[23:16]	D[15:8]	D[7:0]	IHS	IVS	DEN
ITU-R BT 656	D[23:16]	GND	GND	NC	NC	NC
ITU-R BT 601	D[23:16]	GND	GND	IHS	IVS	NC
8 bit RGB	D[23:16]	GND	GND	IHS	IVS	NC for HV Mode
5 DIL IXGB	0[23.10]	GND	GND	mis	103	DEN for DEN Mode
24 bit RGB	R[7:0]	G[7:0]	B[7:01	IHS	IVS	NC for HV Mode
24 DIL KGB	11[7.0]	G[7.0]	D[7.0]	113	173	DEN for DEN Mode



#### **10.2 SPI timing Characteristics**

SPI read timing

PARAMETER	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
SPCK period	T <sub>CK</sub>	60	1240	2i	ns
SPCK high width	Тскн	30	1000		ns
SPCK low width	TCKL	30	li nen		ns
Data setup time	T <sub>SU1</sub>	12	1946	. S	ns
Data hold time	THD1	12	1040		ns
SPENA to SPCK setup time	T <sub>cs</sub>	20	S inter		ns
SPENA to SPDA hold time	TCE	20	1021	23	ns
SPENA high pulse width	Tco	50			ns
SPDA output latency	T <sub>CR</sub>	2000	1/2		Tck

TOR +THDI TSUI . SPDA DO SPCK . Тскн TCKL Тск SPENA ics. Figure8 SPI read timing SPI write timing Tsu1 THE SPDA AD De D A1 107 05 SPCK TCKH TCKL SPENA To Ċ. Tes Tes Figure9 SPI write timing Transfer ends Transfer starts **SPENA** 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 10 11 2 3 8 g E SPCK MSB LSB DB DB DB DB DB DB DB DB DB SPDA 0 0 0 1 1 1 RSKRW

Rev: 01

Device ID

Figure10 SPI timing

Index register setting/Instruction



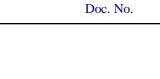
# **10.3 SPI Register Description**

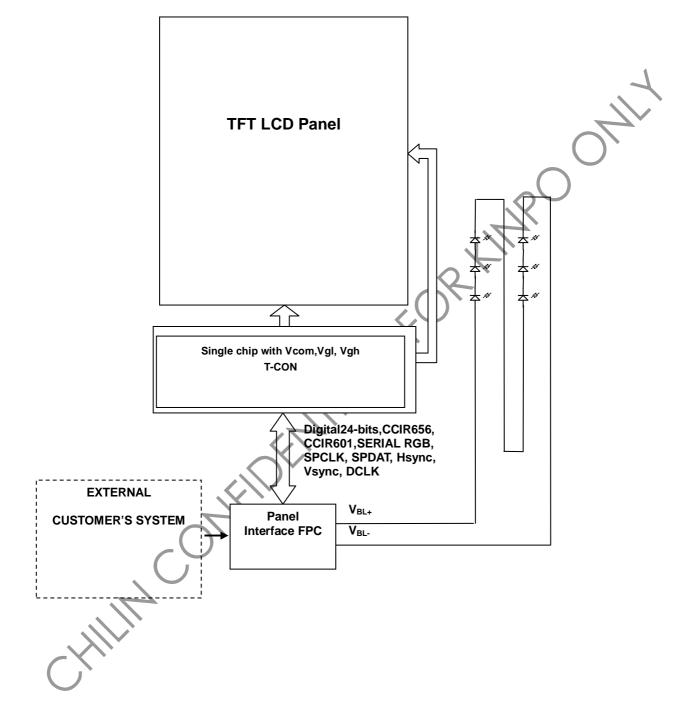
Will be showing on Application Note From Chilintech.

# 10.4 Basic Display Color and Gray Scale

												lr	nput			Data	c									
	Color		MS	D		Re	ed		LS	D		MSB		Gre	een		LSE	<b>)</b>		SB		Blu	Je			SE
			R7	R6	DE	DA	20	R2		R0	G7	VISD G6	G5	G4	<u></u>	G2	Gl				B5	D 4	B3	DO		
	DI I					R4	R3		R1						G3											
	Black		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	
	Red(255)	- 1	1	1	1	1	1 0	1 0	1 0	1	0	0 1	0 1	1	0	0 1	0 1	0 1	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0 0	-	0 0	
	Green(255	)	0	0	0	0				0	1	-	-		1					0		Ç		0		
Basic	Blue(255)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1			1	1	
Colors	Cyan Magenta		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1 0	1	G		1	-	1	1	
	Yellow		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0 1	0 1	0 1	0 1	0 1	0 1	0 1	1	$\mathbf{\hat{o}}$	0	0	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0	
	White		1	1	1	1	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		7	• 1	1	1	1	1	1	
	white		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	I	I	I	I	I			L		1	1	1	1	I	1	
	Red(0)	Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Red(1)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Red(2)		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Red	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Ż			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
	Red(253)		1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Red(254)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Red(255) E	Bright	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Green(0)	Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Green(1)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Green(2)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Green	:		:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
010011	Green(253	3)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Green(254		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Green(255	5)Bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Blue(0)	Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	T
	Blue(1)	$\sim$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Blue(2)	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
Blue	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
	Blue(253)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	
	Blue(254)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		1	1	1	1	1	
	Blue(255) E	Briaht	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		1	1	1	1	1	









#### **12. QUALITY ASSURANCE**

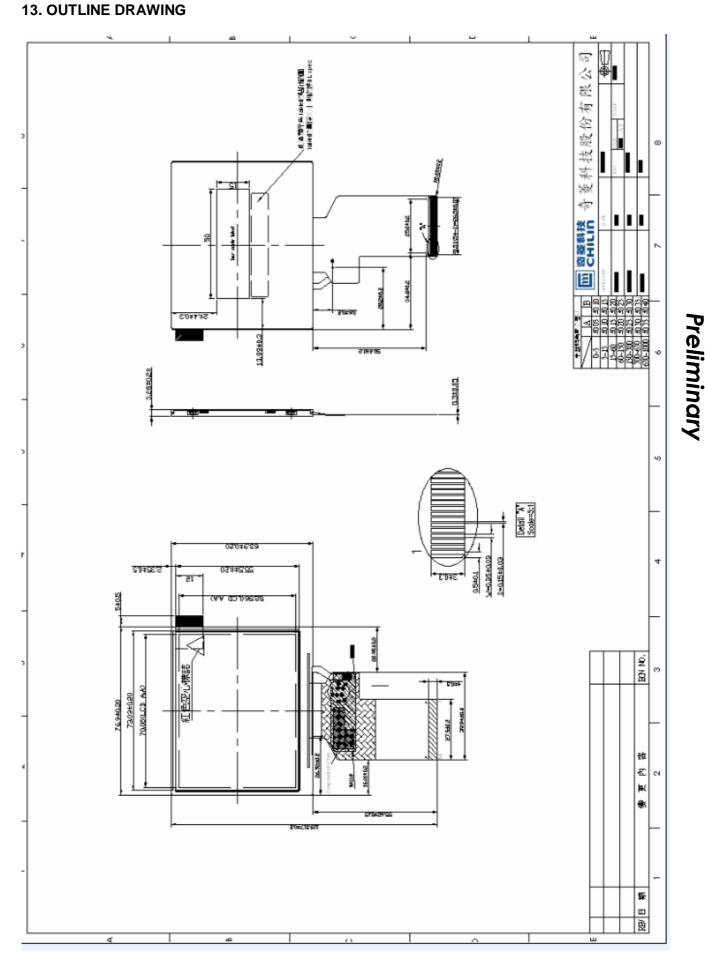
Test Items	Test Condition	REMARK
High Temperature Storage Test	Ta=80℃ Dry 240h	
Low Temperature Storage Test	Ta=-30°C Dry 240h	
High Temperature Operation Test	Ta=70°C Dry 240h	
Low Temperature Operation Test	Ta=-20°C Dry 240h	
High Temperature and High Humidity Operation Test	Ta=60°∁ 90%RH 240h	
Electro Static Discharge Test	Contact/Air: $\pm 6$ KV/ $\pm 8$ KV 150PF330 $\Omega$	L
Shock Test (non-operating)	Shock Level : 100G Waveform : Half Sinusoidal Wave Shock Time : 6ms Number of Shocks : 3 times for each ±X, ±Y, ±Z direction	- K
Vibration Test (non-operating)	Frequency range: 10Hz ~ 550Hz Stoke : 1.3mm Sweep : 1.5G, 33.3~400Hz Vibration : Sinusoidal Wave, 1Hrs for X, YZ direction.	
Thermal Shock Test	-20°C (0.5h) ~ 70°C (0.5h) / 100 cycles	
	High Temperature Storage Test Low Temperature Storage Test High Temperature Operation Test Low Temperature Operation Test High Temperature and High Humidity Operation Test Electro Static Discharge Test Shock Test (non-operating) Vibration Test (non-operating)	High Temperature Storage TestTa=80°CDry240hLow Temperature Operation TestTa=-30°CDry240hHigh Temperature Operation TestTa=-20°CDry240hLow Temperature Operation TestTa=-20°CDry240hHigh Temperature and High Humidity Operation TestTa=-20°CDry240hElectro Static Discharge TestContact/Air: $\pm 6KV/\pm 8KV \pm 050PF330 \Omega$ Contact/Air: $\pm 6KV/\pm 8KV \pm 050PF330 \Omega$ Shock Test (non-operating)Shock Level : 100G Waveform : Half Sinusoidal Wave Shock Time : 6ms Number of Shocks : 3 times for each $\pm X$ , $\pm Y$ , $\pm Z$ directionVibration Test (non-operating)Frequency range: $10HZ < 550HZ$ Stoke : $1.3mm$ Sweep : $1.5G$ , $33.3 \sim 400HZ$ Vibration : Sinusoidal Wave, 1Hrs for $X$ , YZ direction.Thermal Shock Test $-20^\circ$ C ( $0.5h$ ) $\sim 70^\circ$ C ( $0.5h$ ) / 100

Note:

- 1. The test samples have recovery time for 2 hours at room temperature before the function check. In the standard conditions, there is no display function NG issue occurred.
- 2. All the cosmetic specifications are judged before the reliability stress.

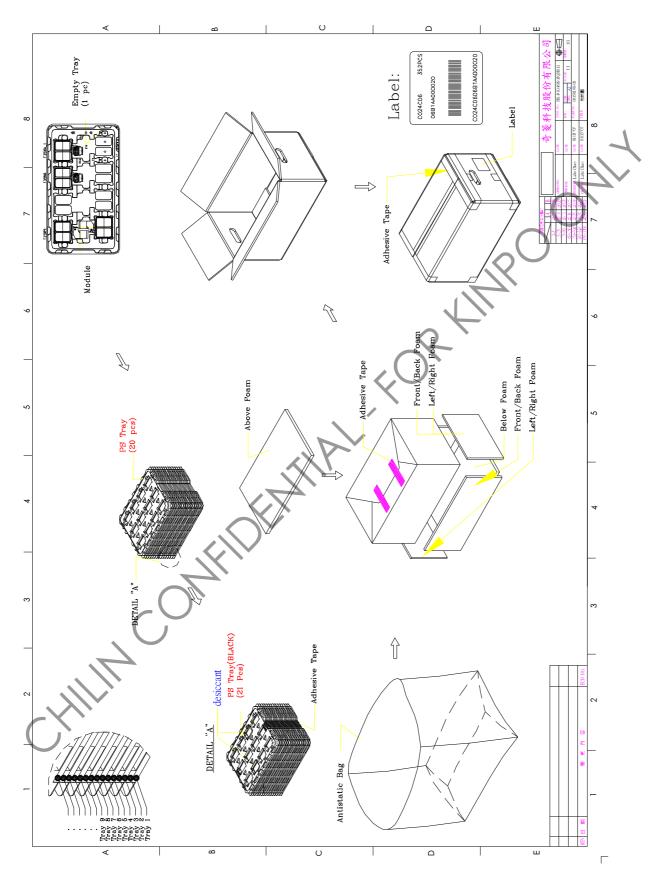
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# **14. PACKAGE INFORMATION**





# **15 RECAUTIONS**

Please pay attention to the following when you use this TFT LCD module.

#### **15.1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS**

- (1) You must mount a module using arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module.And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach a transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not describe because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are determined to the polarizer)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with adsorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

# 15.2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interference.

# 15.3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

#### **15.4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE**

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.



#### 15.5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between  $5^{\circ}$ C and  $35^{\circ}$ C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

# **15.6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM**

(1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and

polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.

- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. Is apt to remain on the polarizer. Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.
- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.